

### 第3課

## 筆記 ライティング(1)

ねらい

- ・第3課では、複数の段落からなる英文を要約するタイプの問題について学習します。
- ・さまざまなテーマで書かれた英文でも、全体を要約するには共通のテクニックがあるので、押さえましょう。

#### 要点整理

英文は3段落程度で示されており、その多くが以下の構成です。要約する問題の場合、各段落の内容をしっかりと読み取ることが大切ですが、この構成を理解しておくことで段落ごとの大意を把握しやすくなります。

第1段落	身近なトピックや近年の社会現象、出来事などを引き合いに出して、英文全体のテーマを示す。
第2段落	第1段落で示されたテーマについて、1つの見解を述べる。
第3段落	第2段落の見解に対する批判や、まったく別の見解などを述べる。

#### 例題

- 以下の英文を読んで、その内容を英語で要約し、解答欄に記入しなさい。
- 語数の目安は45語～55語です。
- 解答欄の外に書かれたものは採点されません。
- 解答が英文の要約になっていないと判断された場合は、0点と採点されることがあります。英文をよく読んでから答えてください。

When you go to a shopping mall on the weekend, you can see many people enjoying shopping. Going to a store and picking up things is the most traditional and common way of shopping. In recent years, however, more and more people prefer buying things online.

Why has online shopping become so popular? The biggest reason is that people can buy what they want anytime, anywhere. Another reason is that people can have heavy items delivered to their home. Online shopping is so convenient that it is essential for busy people today.

On the other hand, there are also problems caused by online shopping. Some people are disappointed when what they receive is completely different from what they expected. There is also the risk that personal information such as addresses and credit card numbers may be leaked.

**解説** 各段落に書かれた内容を、それぞれ簡潔にまとめましょう。例題では、shopping「買い物」や buying things online「オンラインで物を買うこと」がトピックです。第1段落では、「近年オンラインで買い物をする人々が増えていること」が述べられています。第2段落では、冒頭で「なぜオンラインショッピングはとても人気になったのでしょうか」と疑問が提起され、その理由が「欲しい物をいつでもどこでも買うことができること」や「重たい物を家に配達してもらうことができること」といった利便性があると述べられています。第3段落では、オンラインショッピングの問題点として「思っていたものと届いたものが違うこと」や「個人情報漏えいのリスクがあること」が挙げられています。

**解答例** Nowadays, people prefer buying things online. Online shopping is convenient because people can buy things anytime, anywhere. People don't have to carry heavy items, either. However, it has some problems, too. For example, what people get sometimes turns out very different from what they expected. Also, there is concern over the leakage of personal information.

↑ ↑ ウォームアップ ↑ ↑

- (1) の中の英文が、次の英文の要約となるように、①～③の( )に適切な語を入れ、英文を完成させなさい。

Studying abroad has been a dream and goal of many Japanese students for a long time. Many Japanese high school and university students study abroad in search of new experiences. These days, however, more and more younger children choose to study abroad. Some of them are elementary school students or even younger.

What are the reasons for this? Some parents believe that by getting their children familiar with English in their childhood, they can improve their English skills efficiently. Other parents believe that direct exposure to foreign cultures helps children develop an international sense at an early age.

On the other hand, some young children who still rely greatly on their parents may become homesick and lonely and find it difficult to enjoy their school life in different countries. In addition, some children may become ill because the food and climate of the country they are staying in do not suit them.

Nowadays, there are many ①( ) who study abroad. Some parents believe that studying abroad at an early age is good because children can improve **their English** and ②( ) an international sense. However, for some children, it is too early to live abroad away from their parents. As a result, some children become homesick and have a ③( ) time.

①[            ] ②[            ] ③[            ]

- (2) 次の英文を、( )内の語を使って書きかえなさい。

① The good point of sharing a room is that you always have someone to talk to.  
(advantage, can)

② Bicycle commuting is not suitable for snowy days.  
(when, by)

- (3) 以下の英文を読んで、その内容を英語で要約しなさい。語数の目安は30語～40語です。

These days, there are many kinds of social media, and many people use them. They seem to always want to connect with someone online.

Some say social media is not good for young people. Many of them spend too much time on social media, and they tend to get less sleep.

There is one thing to keep in mind when you use social media. You should be careful not to give your personal information to others.





## リスニング 会話の聞き取り問題(3)



- ・第3課では、会話の聞き取り問題のうち、第1・2課では取り上げていない、**what**を使ったさまざまな質問に答えるタイプの問題について学習します。
- ・対話文の内容がきちんと理解できていれば答えられるので、しっかりと聞き取れるようにしましょう。

### 例題

対話を聞き、その質問に対して最も適切なものを**1, 2, 3, 4**の中から一つ選びなさい。

**Woman** : Alan, thanks for dinner. Are there any places to put cans for recycling in this apartment?

**Man** : Actually, no. Our city doesn't collect bottles or cans in this neighborhood, so I bring them to the supermarket.

**Woman** : Doesn't the city recycle in this area?

**Man** : Yeah, it's a lot of trouble carrying them to the supermarket. But our city announced that they would start collecting bottles and cans next year.

**Question** : What does the man do with his empty bottles and cans?

- 1 He takes them to the supermarket.
- 2 He sells them on the Internet.
- 3 He gives them to the woman.
- 4 He sends them to the woman's city.

[ ]

**解説** 例題の質問は **What does the man do with his empty bottles and cans?**「男性は空の瓶や缶をどのように処理しますか」で、正しい内容の選択肢を選ぶ問題です。男性は「ぼくたちの市はこの近所では瓶や缶を回収しないから、ぼくはそれらをスーパーマーケットに持って行っているんだ」と言っているので、1が正解です。supermarket「スーパーマーケット」などのキーワードを聞き逃さないようにしましょう。

**正解 1**

### ウォームアップ

#### □ No. 1

- 1 Buying some blankets for their daughter.
- 2 Staying at a hotel in Lisbon.
- 3 Going to see their daughter in Lisbon.
- 4 Traveling with their friends from university.

[ ]

→この冬の予定について話しています。

#### □ No. 2

- 1 It had too many misspellings.
- 2 It is very important.
- 3 It is very boring.
- 4 It was written in simple words.

[ ]

→新聞に載せる記事について話しています。

## 演 習 問 題

対話を聞き、その質問に対して最も適切なものを**1, 2, 3, 4**の中から一つ選びなさい。

- No. 1**
- 1** Help him choose a dictionary.
  - 2** Tell him about her favorite book.
  - 3** Return his Spanish book.
  - 4** Lend him her dictionary. [     ]
- No. 2**
- 1** Make dinner.
  - 2** Buy food.
  - 3** Meet the woman at the store.
  - 4** Make a dinner reservation. [     ]
- No. 3**
- 1** Playing sports with his friends.
  - 2** Running in the hospital.
  - 3** Riding his bicycle.
  - 4** Talking with his parents. [     ]
- No. 4**
- 1** He forgot about the dinner plans.
  - 2** He quarreled with his friend.
  - 3** He ate too much.
  - 4** He lost his driver's license. [     ]
- No. 5**
- 1** Open a new class for Judy.
  - 2** Talk about more new things in class.
  - 3** Teach things in a better way.
  - 4** Help Judy choose classes. [     ]
- No. 6**
- 1** Play tennis with Alice.
  - 2** Call Alice tomorrow night.
  - 3** Go see Alice's tennis match.
  - 4** Visit Alice tomorrow morning. [     ]