# 19

### 受け身

#### 1 受け身の意味と形

- 1 Nancy is liked by her friends.
- 2 The message was written by him.
- 3 These computers were made in Japan.

ナンシーは友だちに好かれています。

そのメッセージは彼によって書かれました。

これらのコンピューターは日本で作られました。

① 受け身 現在 「~される、~されている」

be動詞(am, are, is) +過去分詞 (→ 1)

過去「~された」

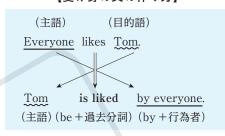
be動詞(was, were)+過去分詞(⇒2·3)

② by +行為者 「~によって」と動作をする人を表す。

※ by のあとに代名詞がくるときは目的格になる。 (→2)

by ~は省略されることもある。(→3· POINT)

#### 【受け身の文の作り方】



#### 2 受け身の否定文・疑問文

- 4 The car wasn't washed by his father.
- 5 Is the book read by many people? Yes, it is.
- 6 Where was this picture taken? It was taken in Kyoto.

その車は彼の父によって洗われませんでした。

その本はたくさんの人々に読まれていますか。

はい、読まれています。

この写真はどこで撮られましたか。

京都で撮られました。

- ① **否定文** 「~されない、~されていない」主語+⟨be動詞⟩+⟨not⟩+⟨過去分詞⟩ ··· (→4)
- ② **疑問文** 「~されるか、~されているか」 〈be動詞〉+主語+〈過去分詞〉…? (→5) 〈疑問詞〉+〈be動詞〉+主語+〈過去分詞〉…? (→6)

#### 【受け身の否定文と疑問文】

(否) Bill is **not** liked by John.

Bill is

liked by John.

(疑) Is Bill

liked by John?

#### 3 by ~を使わない言い方

7 His name is known to everyone.

彼の名前はみんなに知られています。

8 I am interested in English.

私は英語に興味があります。

① by以外の前置詞を使う受け身の文 (→7)

be covered with ~ (~におおわれている)

be made from ~ (~[原料]で作られている)

be born in ~ (~で生まれる)

be made of ~ (~[材料]で作られている)

② 「~される」と訳さない表現

感情や心理状態など、日本語では能動的に表現するものを、英語では受け身で表現することが多い。 (→8)

be surprised at ~ (~に驚く)

be pleased with ~ (~が気に入る)

単語(	<mark>のチェック</mark> 次の動詞の過去分詞形を書きなさい。 ① eat	2 give	③ go
	⑤ take ⑥ come ⑦ run		
	1)~(3)は日本文を、(4)~(6)は英文を完成させなさい。	}	POINT
(1)	This desk is used by Yumi.	,	よく省略される by ~
	この机は由美によって(	)。}	by us, by you, by people,
(2)	Kyoto is visited by many people.	3	by them
	京都は( )訪問さ	れます。	※行為者が、話し手にも聞き手にも
(3)	English is spoken in Canada.	-	わかっているとき、一般の人々の
	カナダでは(	)。 [	とき、不特定の人々のときには、
(4)	ビルはみんなに好かれています。	}	by ~はふつう省略される。
	Bill liked by everyone.		
(5)	これらの歌は彼らによって愛されています。		目的語が2つある文の受け身
	These songs are by them.	}	He gave me the pen.
(6)	その窓は彼女によって開けられました。		「彼は私にそのペンをくれました。」
	The window was opened		→I was given the pen by him.
		}	→ The pen was given to me
2	各文を( )内の指示に従って書きかえなさい。		by him.
(1)	Mrs. Brown cooks dinner. (受け身に)		▶ She made me a nice doll.
	Dinner is by Mrs. Brown.		「彼女は私にすてきな人形を作って
(2)	These dictionaries are used by him. (否定文に)		くれました。」
	These dictionaries are used by him.		→I was made a nice doll by
(3)	This letter was written by Taro. (否定文に)		her.
	This letter written by Taro.		→ A nice doll was made for
(4)	The pictures were taken by my father. (疑問文に)		me by her.
	the pictures taken by my father?		※動詞によって、あとにtoがくる
(5)	That box is made by John. (疑問文にして、Yesで	答える)	ものと、forがくるものがあるこ とに注意する。
,	that box made by John?	,	こに任意する。
	— Yes,		
(6)	You were invited to the party by them. (疑問文に)		受け身の訳し方
(-)	you to the party by them?	}	▶ surprise(驚かす)
	you to the party by thom.		be surprised at $\sim$
3	各文のに適語を入れて、日本文に合う英文を完成させなさ	LV <sub>a</sub>	「~に驚かされる」
(1)	その生徒たちは日本に興味があります。	}	→「(人が)~に驚く」
( • /	The students are Japan.		▶ interest (興味を持たせる)
(2)	私たちはその知らせに驚きました。	}	be interested in ~
(-)	We at the news.		「~に興味を持たされる」 →「~に興味がある」
(3)	で at the news. この本は多くの人たちに知られています。	\$	15×444 M.0]
(0)			
(4)	This book is many people.  この箱は紙で作られています。	-	
(4)		\$	
	This box is paper.	}	

## 演習 19 受け身

1 4	各文の( )内から適語を選びなさい。
(1)	This bike is (use, uses, used, using) by Jiro.
(2)	These rooms (is, are, was, were) used yesterday.
(3)	Was the car (make, to make, made, making) in Japan?
(4)	When were the windows (close, closes, closing, closed)?
2 %	欠の各組の文がほぼ同じ内容を表すように、に適語を入れなさい。
(1)	Young people love her songs.
	Her songs by young people.
(2)	Did he open his store last Saturday?
	his store last Saturday?
(3)	My sister didn't cook dinner yesterday.
	Dinner by my sister yesterday.
(4)	My father gave me this book.
	This book to me by my father.
3 %	欠の英文を日本文にしなさい。
(1)	What language is spoken in this country?
(2)	They were surprised at the basketball game.
(3)	Where were you born? I was born in Tokyo.
4 2	各文のに適語を入れて、日本文に合う英文を完成させなさい。
(1)	これらの袋は紙でできています。
	These bags of paper.
(2)	彼の本はみんなに知られています。
	His book to everyone.
(3)	彼女はなぜ彼らに興味を持っているのですか。
	Why she in them?
5 (	)内の語句を並べかえて、日本文に合う英文を完成させなさい。ただし、文頭にくる語も小文字にしてあり
まる	t.
(1)	夜にはたくさんの星が見えました。
	(at / lot / seen / stars / night / of / were / a).
(2)	その国ではどれくらいの言語が使われているのですか。
	(in / how / used / that country / languages / many / are)?

My grandmother is 65 years old. She is very kind to everyone. When I was a little boy, she took care of me. She read books and sang songs with me. I liked spending time with her. a lot after I entered junior high school. I joined the tennis club, and I practiced tennis for a long time after school every day. I had a lot of homework, too. So I didn't spend much time with my grandmother. One day, when I was studying hard for the test, she came to my room and asked me, "Ryo, I bought a computer. Can you teach me how to use it?" <u>I got angry.</u> I said to her, "I can't! I'm busy now!" She looked sad and left my room. A few days later, I heard something from her room. When I entered her room, her phone was ringing on the table. I didn't answer the phone, but I found an album on the table. My name was on it. When I opened it, there were many pictures of me. Then, I found a lot of letters in the album, too. I read one of them. "I enjoyed reading the book with you. You read it with me many times. Thank you!" I wrote it when I was a small boy. She had a lot of pictures and old letters from me. I was moved by that. Then my grandmother came into the room. I said, "I saw your album. I am very surprised." She opened a drawer and showed me some other albums. There were a lot of pictures of my family in them. She said with a smile, "All of these are my treasures." I said to her, "I always think only about myself, but you think about me and my family. I told you something a few days ago, and it made you sad. I'm sorry." She said, "No problem, Ryo. I'm sorry, too. I'll talk to you when you are not busy. In fact, your parents gave me many pictures of you. They keep your important things, and they think about you, too. Maybe you don't know it, but some people always love and help you. Please remember that!" Some people always think about me. I often forget it, but I understand that I am supported by them. I learned that I should think about others. So I decided to do one thing. I will love and help people around me in the future. keep ~をとっておく (注) ring 鳴る answer ~ (電話)に出る drawer 引き出し support ~を支える maybe たぶん <sup>一</sup>に入る最も適当なものを、**ア**~エから選びなさい。 made イ changed ウ took (2) 下線①の理由として最も適当なものを、ア~エから選びなさい。 7 Because Ryo's grandmother talked to him when he was studying. 1 Because Ryo's grandmother told him to study hard for the test. ウ Because Ryo's grandmother didn't teach him how to use a computer. I Because Ryo's grandmother didn't help him with his homework.

(4) 次のア~エの出来事を、起こった順に並べて書きなさい。

**7** Ryo found an album in his grandmother's room.

- 1 Ryo's grandmother looked sad and left his room.
- ウ Ryo joined the tennis club when he entered junior high school.

(3) 下線②の意味を日本語で書きなさい。ただし、thatの示す内容を具体的に書くこと。

I Ryo's grandmother showed him some different albums.