

筆記 語句を選ぶ問題(3)

)に入れるのに最も適切なものを1.2.3.4の中から一つ選びなさい。



例 題

次の(

- ・ 第4課では、語句を選ぶ問題でよく出題される名詞を使った熟語と動詞の語法について学習します。
- ・名詞を使った熟語では、名詞と一緒に使う語(句)をペアで覚えておきましょう。名詞は同じでも、一緒に使う語(句)が異なると意味がまったく異なることもあるので、注意して覚えましょう。
- ・動詞の語法では、動詞のあとに続く前置詞や副詞が解答のヒントになっていることが多いです。辞書 を引くときは、単語の意味だけでなく、使い方もよく読むようにしましょう。

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・選択肢だけでなく、文章全体も見て、どの語(句)と結びつくかを考えるようにしましょう。

○ 】 名詞を使った熟語

The photograph of the baseball stadium filled with fans was (), so it was difficult to
see people's faces clearly.
1 to the point 2 by all means 3 out of focus 4 at first hand
解説 空所の直後にある接続詞 so「だから」に注目します。〈原因を表す文+ so + 結果を表す文〉という形になっています。so のあとの文では、「人々の顔をはっきりと見るのは難しかった」と述べられているので、写真がぼやけていたことが推測できます。したがって、focus「焦点」を用いた3の out of focus「ピントがずれた」が正解だとわかります。名詞を使った熟語を答える問題では、名詞と一緒に使う語(句)だけでなく、接続詞にも注目するとよいでしょう。
訳 ファンで埋め尽くされた野球場の写真は(ピントがずれて)いたので、人々の顔をはっきりと見るのは難
しかったです。
正解 3
ヘウォームアップへ
□(1) Nick's boss does not like it when people disagree with his decisions. Therefore, Nick never says no to him () of making the boss angry.
1 for fear 2 by way 3 by means 4 in need [] → 第 1 文の内容を踏まえ,第 2 文でニックがなぜノーと言わないのかを考えます。
\square (2) Angela wanted to give her speech without looking at any notes, so she spent a lot of time learning it by ().
1 nature 2 heart 3 name 4 chance [] → note は「メモ」という意味です。

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次0)()に入れるのに最も適切なものを	1, 2 , 3 , 4 の中から一つ選びなさい。	
<u></u> (1)	When Ashley purchases electric	al appliances, she always compares their	prices on several
	websites () and tries to	buy the cheapest one among them.	
	1 at hand	2 on duty	
	3 in advance	4 by degrees	[]
<u>(2)</u>	Taylor had to wait at home fo	r about 45 minutes until the computer	repairer arrived.
	(), she washed the dish	es and cleaned the bathroom.	
	1 At first sight	2 In the meantime	
	3 For the present	4 On the contrary	[]
<u>(3)</u>	Pascal started to have () about becoming an actor because he rea	alized how hard it
	would be for him to earn money.		
	1 the better	2 a narrow escape	
	3 second thoughts	4 a big mouth	[]
$\square(4)$	According to the rules at Joe's cor	npany, the office phones are for business use	only. (),
	_	employees make telephone calls for persona	
	1 By mistake 2 By birth	3 In vain 4 In practice	[]
<u></u> (5)	When Melanie purchased her	new house, she borrowed a lot of mone	v from the bank.
	However, she also paid in () with money she had saved.	, man one semi.
	1 part 2 detail	3 general 4 contrast	[]
	I post	goneral	
<u>(6)</u>	William promised to make a p	hone call to his wife regularly while he	was away on his
	business trip, and he was as good	as his (). He called her every nig	ght.
	1 doubt 2 word	3 policy 4 opinion	[]
<u>(7)</u>	When Erick bit into the lemon, h	e made a () because it tasted mu	ch more sour than
	he had thought. His mother laug	hed at his expression.	
	1 face 2 nose	3 mouth 4 heart	[]
<u>(8)</u>	A : Ms. Robertson, a lot of people the heavy traffic on the high	e called to say that they were running late yay.	e on () of
	·	e, let's change the start time of the meeting	g to 10:30 a.m.
	1 account 2 wage	3 standard 4 production	[]
<u>(9)</u>	A : Why do I need to show my ID	card every time I come to this office?	
	B : We ask all visitors to do it, as	a () of fact, for security reasons.	
	1 number 2 variety	3 matter 4 loaf	[]

• 2	動詞の語法				• • •
例 是	夏 •———				
M	Iaria () her puppy K She is often asked w	のを 1 , 2 , 3 , 4 の中か en-Ken after a char hy she chose the nan 3 made	racter in one of her	favorite Japanese
すち	uppy = Ken- っまた,after なんでOにC	Ken の関係が成り立つ r があることにも注目し と名づける」という意	oので空所に入る動詞は します。 1 の named を 味にできます。after は	J)が2つ並んでいること 第5文型〈 $S+V+O+$ 入れれば〈 $name+O+$ ここでは「 \sim にちなんで」 注目するとよいでしょう	C⟩をとるとわかりま C + after ~> 「~に という意味の前置詞で
			アニメの 1 つのキャラク 選んだのかとよく尋ねら	ター(にちなんで),自分 られます。	トの子犬にケンケン(と 正解 1
(1 ₁)	ウォームアッ	プヘ			
			g construction was so d them to do the best	o noisy that students they could.	could not (
	l concensor so ~ th	trate 2 decorat nat は「非常に〜なので・		4 separate	[]
			she was worried ab an her study there,	she () to l	uch as her personal ike the country very
	1 came	2 gave 逆接を表す接続詞 howev	3 made er「しかしながら」で始まっ ^っ	4 took ていることに注目します。	[]
		2:	호 33 88	- 日石	
			展 習 問	題	
	Simon and		を 1 , 2 , 3 , 4 の中から to get married in si	一つ選びなさい。 x months, so they are	e trying hard to save

3 regret

mirrors broke, and then the horn stopped working. Yesterday, the car's battery died.

3 put

4 treat

4 write

) wrong with Greg's car. A week ago, one of the side

[

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1 decrease

1 go

 \square (2) It seems like things often (

2 intend

2 make

<u></u> (3)	Cameron saw that helped him carry i		() with	the weight of his heav	y baggage, so she
	1 struggling		3 recycling	4 announcing	[]
<u>(4)</u>	When Henry wen Internet access. Hworld.		_	o volunteer activities, aper to learn what was	
	1 rely on	2 lead to	3 drop by	4 call for	[]
<u></u> (5)	Michael's good lo announcer, but he	_		n important role in h	is success as an
	1 played	2 made	3 taken	4 brought	[]
<u>(6)</u>	If you have proble able to solve them		to () th	nem into small parts.	Then you will be
	1 spread	· ·	3 divide	4 depend	[]
□(7) □(8)	1 sharing	at cannot get used 2 promising	to seeing your new 3 gathering	v clothes. They're very 4 staring al festival, Mickey. I	[]
□(♥ <i>)</i>	() wit	th the stress anym	iore.		
	B: You're trying to perform	do too much by y 2 hesitate	ourself. I'll help y 3 cope	ou. 4 require	[]
<u>(9)</u>	When Chris had happened to her in		Jessica () with him because the	e same thing had
	1 destroyed	-	3 betrayed	4 appreciated	[]
<u>(10)</u>	Keep quiet for a v final exams.	while so that you	don't (Miranda. She is study	ying hard for her
	1 know of3 graduate from	n	2 interfere w4 occur to	th	[]
<u>(11)</u>	Can I (these shoes I bou	ght yesterday for	another pair? They a	re a bit small for
	me. 1 consist	2 exchange	3 force	4 divide	[]
<u>(12)</u>	When Karen was v			ng idea suddenly () to her. She
	wrote it down in h	er notebook so as i	_	4 turned	Г 1

リスニング) 会話の聞き取り問題(4)



- ・第4課では、会話の聞き取り問題のうち、 \mathbf{why} を使った理由を答えるタイプの問題について学習します。
- ・because のような理由を表す語(句)が使われているとは限らないので、対話文全体の内容を踏ま え、どこで理由が話されているかを注意して聞くようにしましょう。

例 題

対話を聞き、その質問に対して最も適切なものを1,2,3,4の中から一つ選びなさい。

Man: Did you see my black suit, Catherine? It was in the closet last week, but now I can't find it.

Woman: I took it to the dry cleaner. It had a big stain on it and looked a bit dirty.

Man: Really? When will it be returned? I'd like to wear it to an important meeting tomorrow.

Woman: Don't worry. I'll pick it up this afternoon.

Question: Why is the man looking for his suit?

- **1** He wants to show the woman a stain on it.
- **2** He wants to wear it for work.
- **3** He wants to sell it on the Internet.
- **4** He wants to take it to the dry cleaner.

解説 例題の質問は Why is the man looking for his suit? 「男性はなぜスーツを探しているのですか」で、男性がスーツを探す理由を選ぶ問題です。女性は黒のスーツにしみがあったのでドライクリーニング店に出したと言っています。この発言を受けて、男性は明日の重要な会議にそれを着て行こうと考えていたと言っているので、2が正解です。

正解 2

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ヘウォームアップへ

\square No. 1

- **1** He wrote about the wrong theme.
- **2** He made a lot of careless mistakes.
- **3** He did not submit it on time.
- **4** He did not do any research.

→歴史のレポートについて話しています。

\square No. 2

- 1 Dangerous animals are often seen.
- **2** There are no trail maps left.
- **3** All of the trails are being repaired.
- **4** The weather is expected to be bad.

→山でのハイキングについて話しています。

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演習問題

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対話を聞き、その質問に対して最	も適切なものを1, 2, 3, 4の中から一つ選びなさい。		
\square No. 1	She did not watch the TV news.		
2	Her train has been delayed.		
3	She took the wrong train.		
4	There are no taxis available.	[]
□ No. 2 1	They made a mistake with his meal.		
□ No. 2 1 2	They gave him a bad meal.		
3	His seat was not comfortable.		
4		Γ	٦
7	The plane ticket design was not good.	L	٦
□ No. 3 1	To confirm her appointment time.		
2	To tell them that she cannot come today.		
3	To ask what time they close.		
4	To talk about her dental problems.	Г	٦
•	To talk about her dental problems.	L	
□ No. 4 1	His friend does not like carbonara.		
2	He cannot eat what he wanted to eat.		
3	There is no clam chowder left.		
	Their food is not as good as he expected.	[7
	The state of the s	_	_
□ No. 5 1	Their championship parade was put off.		
2	Their manager is too selfish.		
3	Their performance has not been good.		
4	Their new stadium does not look nice.	[]
\square No. 6	Her teacher came to class late.		
2	Her classmates did not listen to it.		
3	She had to do it without using notes.		
4	She did not prepare for it at all.]